Geometry R CC Regents Review #4

1. As shown on the graph below, $\triangle R'S'T'$ is the image of $\triangle RST$ under a single transformation.



Which transformation does this graph represent?

- 1) dilation
- 2) line reflection
- 3) rotation
- 4) translation

2. Which lines is parallel to the line whose equation is 4x + 3y = 7 and also passes through the point (-5, 2)?

- 1) 4x + 3y = -26
- 2) 4x + 3y = -14
- 3) 3x + 4y = -7
- 4) 3x + 4y = 14

3. If the vertex angles of two isosceles triangles are congruent, then the triangles must be

- 1) acute
- 2) congruent
- 3) right
- 4) similar

4. Which quadrilateral has diagonals that always bisect its angles and also bisect each other?

- 1) rhombus
- 2) rectangle
- 3) parallelogram
- 4) isosceles trapezoid

5. When $\triangle ABC$ is dilated by a scale factor of 2, its image is $\triangle A'B'C'$. Which statement is true?

- 1) $\overline{AC} \cong \overline{A'C'}$
- 2) $\angle A \cong \angle A'$
- 3) perimeter of $\triangle ABC$ = perimeter of $\triangle A'B'C'$
- 4) 2(area of $\triangle ABC$) = area of $\triangle A'B'C'$

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6. What is the slope of a line that is perpendicular to the line whose equation is 3x + 5y = 4?

1) $-\frac{3}{5}$ 2) $\frac{3}{5}$ 3) $-\frac{5}{3}$ 4) $\frac{5}{5}$

7. In the diagram below of right triangle *ABC*, altitude \overline{BD} is drawn to hypotenuse \overline{AC} , AC = 16, and CD = 7.



What is the length of \overline{BD} ?

- 1) ₃ √7
- 2) ₄ √7
- 3) $7\sqrt{3}$
- 4) 12

8. In the diagram below of circle O, \overline{PA} is tangent to circle O at A, and \overline{PBC} is a secant with points B and C on the circle.



- If PA = 8 and PB = 4, what is the length of BC?
- 1) 20
- 2) 16
- 3) 15
- 4) 12

In the diagram below, the circle shown has radius 10. Angle B intercepts an arc with a length of 2π .



10.

In the diagram of $\triangle LAC$ and $\triangle DNC$ below, $\overline{LA} \cong \overline{DN}$, $\overline{CA} \cong \overline{CN}$, and $\overline{DAC} \perp \overline{LCN}$.



11.

As shown below, a canoe is approaching a lighthouse on the coastline of a lake. The front of the canoe is 1.5 feet above the water and an observer in the lighthouse is 112 feet above the water.



(Not drawn to scale)

At 5:00, the observer in the lighthouse measured the angle of depression to the front of the canoe to be 6° . Five minutes later, the observer measured and saw the angle of depression to the front of the canoe had increased by 49°. Determine and state, to the *nearest foot per minute*, the average speed at which the canoe traveled toward the lighthouse.