## Geometry R

CC Regents Review \#4

1. As shown on the graph below, $\Delta R^{\prime} S^{\prime} T^{\prime}$ is the image of $\triangle R S T$ under a single transformation.


Which transformation does this graph represent?

1) dilation
2) line reflection
3) rotation
4) translation
2. Which lines is parallel to the line whose equation is $4 x+3 y=7$ and also passes through the point $(-5,2)$ ?
1) $4 x+3 y=-26$
2) $4 x+3 y=-14$
3) $3 x+4 y=-7$
4) $3 x+4 y=14$
3. If the vertex angles of two isosceles triangles are congruent, then the triangles must be
1) acute
2) congruent
3) right
4) similar
4. Which quadrilateral has diagonals that always bisect its angles and also bisect each other?
1) rhombus
2) rectangle
3) parallelogram
4) isosceles trapezoid
5. When $\triangle A B C$ is dilated by a scale factor of 2 , its image is $\triangle A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$. Which statement is true?
1) $\overline{A C} \cong \overline{A^{\prime} C^{\prime}}$
2) $\angle A \cong \angle A^{+}$
3) perimeter of $\triangle A B C=$ perimeter of $\triangle A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$
4) 2 (area of $\triangle A B C$ ) $=$ area of $\triangle A^{\prime} B^{\prime} C^{\prime}$

Name $\qquad$
Date $\qquad$
6. What is the slope of a line that is perpendicular to the line whose equation is $3 x+5 y=4$ ?

1) $-\frac{3}{5}$
2) $\frac{3}{5}$
3) $-\frac{5}{3}$
4) $\frac{5}{3}$
7. In the diagram below of right triangle $A B C$, altitude $\overline{B D}$ is drawn to hypotenuse $\overline{A C}, A C=16$, and $C D=7$.


What is the length of $\overline{B D}$ ?

1) $3 \sqrt{7}$
2) $4 \sqrt{7}$
3) $7 \sqrt{3}$
4) 12
8. In the diagram below of circle $O, \overline{P A}$ is tangent to circle $O$ at $A$, and $\overline{P B C}$ is a secant with points $B$ and $C$ on the circle.


If $P A=8$ and $P B=4$, what is the length of $\overline{B C}$ ?

1) 20
2) 16
3) 15
4) 12
9. 

In the diagram below, the circle shown has radius 10 . Angle $B$ intercepts an arc with a length of $2 \pi$.


## What is the measure of angle $B$, in radians?

10. 

In the diagram of $\triangle L A C$ and $\triangle D N C$ below, $\overline{L A} \cong \overline{D N}, \overline{C A} \cong \overline{C N}$, and $\overline{D A C} \perp \overline{L C N}$.


Describe a sequence of rigid motions that will map $\triangle L A C$ onto $\triangle D N C$.
a.
b. Prove that $\triangle L A C \cong \triangle D N C$.
11.

As shown below, a canoe is approaching a lighthouse on the coastline of a lake. The front of the canoe is 1.5 feet above the water and an observer in the lighthouse is 112 feet above the water.


At 5:00, the observer in the lighthouse measured the angle of depression to the front of the canoe to be $6^{\circ}$. Five minutes later, the observer measured and saw the angle of depression to the front of the canoe had increased by $49^{\circ}$. Determine and state, to the nearest foot per minute, the average speed at which the canoe traveled toward the lighthouse.

